

# CVDI25/I50/200

# **Constant Volume Dampers**

# ecosmart

nuaíre

The EMC Directive 2014/30/EU The Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU

CE

# Installation and Maintenance

## I.O Introduction

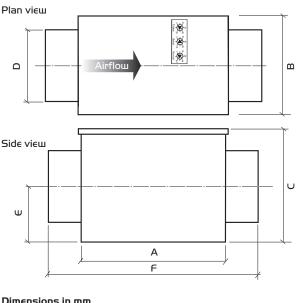
This constant volume damper is designed for installation with Nuaire's range of fans.

Units are rectangular in section, manufactured from galvanised steel.

The CVD damper will control the flowrate passing through it when the pressure drop across the damper is within the range stated in the performance envelope.

Two flow settings are available; trickle and boost. The damper will operate in the trickle setting when it is powered up and will go into the boost setting when a mains signal is received at the SL terminal or when the CVD-PIR (optional ancillary) is activated. A run-on timer (adjustable between I to 60 minutes) will hold the damper in the boost setting for the preset time period.

#### 2.0 Dimensions Figure I.



CVDI25 30							
	00 180	D 195	125	75	400	3.5	
CVDI50 30	05 00	0 220	) 150	90	400	3.7	
CVD200 30	23 00	0 275	5 200	115	400	4	

# 3.0 Handling

Handle the units carefully to avoid damage and distortion to moving parts.

### 4.0 System Design

A nominal pressure drop must be allowed in order to ensure adequate airflow through the damper. To ensure the airflow pattern through the damper produces consistent readings; the pressure drop across the damper should not exceed the recommended value. Recommended values are listed in the table following and show the performance envelope of each damper.

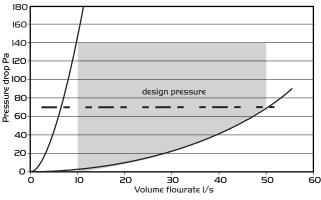
Nominal design pressure is the value needed to produce the maximum rated airflow for the damper. If the desired flowrate is less than the maximum, a lower design value may be used by reading off the lower curve of the appropriate chart. Please allow 40Pa (min).

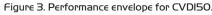
Model code	Nominal design pressure drop	Maximum pressure across damper*
CVDI25	70Pa	I40Pa
CVDI50	80Pa	160Pa
CVD200	90Pa**	200Pa

\*recommended maximum operating pressure to ensure the damper would work within calibration limits.

Keep the duct velocity as low as possible to ensure the system produces the lowest energy usage, preferably below 5m/s. \*\*Allow 90Pa for duties below IOOI/s and ISOPa for duties between IOOI/s and I25I/s.

Figure 2. Performance envelope for CVDI25.





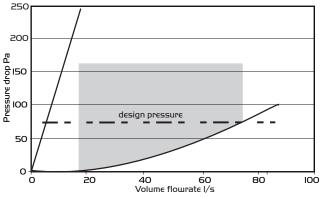
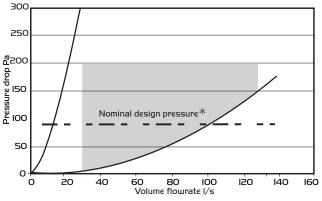


Figure 4. Performance envelope for CVD200.



\*Allow 90Pa for duties below IOOI/s and ISOPa for duties between IOOI/s and I25I/s.

Nuaire: A Trading Division of Polypipe Limited Western Industrial Estate Caerphilly United Kingdom CF83 INA T: 029 2088 59II F: 029 2088 7033 E: info@nuaire.co.uk W: www.nuaire.co.uk

#### **5.0 Installation**

The installation must be carried out by competent personnel in accordance with the appropriate authority and conforming to all statutory and governing regulations.

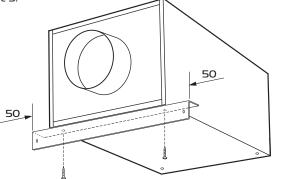
#### IMPORTANT

The dampers must be installed indoors, away from sources of heat, steam or water spray. Operating ambient: 5-40°C, up to 95%RH (non condensing). This unit must be earthed. Do not distort the casing as this will cause the moving part to jam.

The CVD damper must be located in an accessible location for service and maintenance as prescribed in the CDM regulation.

If the rigid ducting at the inlet and outlet of the damper are securely fixed to their support; the damper may be coupled directly to the ducting without additional fixing. If this is not the case; secure the damper to a rigid, vibration-free surface using the brackets suppled (see fig 5).

Figure 5.



Remove the screws from the underside of the unit and use these to attach the fixing brackets.

# 5.I Installation practices to obtain the best result from the CVD damper (see figure 6).

- I. Always fit at least 500mm of straight RIGID ducting at the damper inlet before connecting to any bends, grilles or obstructions (see figure 6).
- 2. Similarly always fit at least 300mm of straight RIGID ducting at the damper outlet.
- 3. Do not fit balancing damper or other devices that creates a jet within IOm upstream of the inlet to the CVD damper.
- 4. Avoid multiple bends near the inlet side of the CVD damper.
- 5. Avoid the use of flexible ducting; do NOT fit flexible ducting directly on to the CVD damper. See items I and 2.
- 6. Air valves with screw-in adjustments should be set up with maximum opening.

Failure to meet these conditions means the damper's calibration may be affected and would require careful commissioning to produce the desired flowrate. See commissioning guide on page 4.

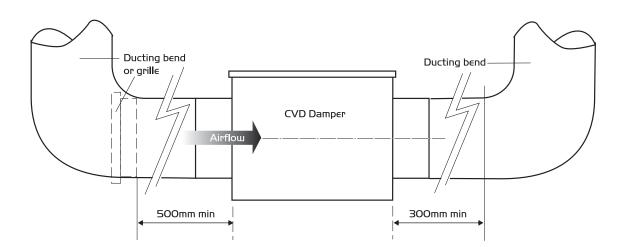
Typical accuracy of the dampers under ideal conditions are:

Unit	Typical Accuracy	
CDV I25	+ or - 3 l/s	
CDV I50	+ or - 3 l/s	
CDV 200	+ or - 4 l/s	

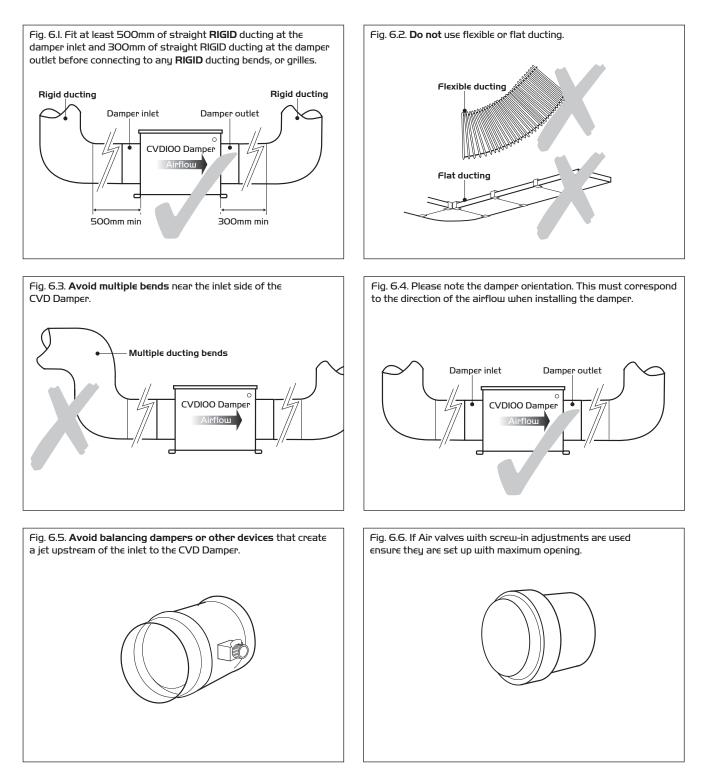
#### IMPORTANT

Please note the dampers' orientation is indicated by the arrow. This must correspond to the direction of the airflow when installing the damper.

Figure 6. Installation practices to obtain the best result from the CVD damper. (Also see 5.2 Top installation tips on page 3).



### 5.2 Top installation tips to ensure the best results from your CVD Damper



#### **6.0 Electrical Wiring**

#### IMPORTANT

Warning - Isolate the mains power before carrying out any electrical wiring. The unit must be supplied via an all-pole isolator with at least 3mm gap as illustrated in the figure 7. The recommended fuse rating is IA. This unit must be earthed. A permanent mains supply must be connected for normal operation.

Remove the three screws holding the top cover to gain access to wiring terminals.

Feed the cable through the grommetted hole and wire into the terminals as shown in figure 7.

Secure the cable using the cable clamp supplied.

#### Electrical rating: 230V~50Hz 3W.

It is recommended that the power is isolated from the damper until the system is ready to be commissioned.

#### 7.0 Operation

The trickle and boost flourate together with the run-on time are adjustable via relevant potentiometers. These are accessible through the top cover without removing the lid.

Use a screwdriver to make the adjustment. Take care not to rotate the potentiometer beyond its limits of travel.

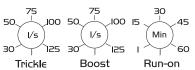
When power is connected; the damper will enter a test mode which takes approximately 2 minutes.

The damper will start operating normally after this period.

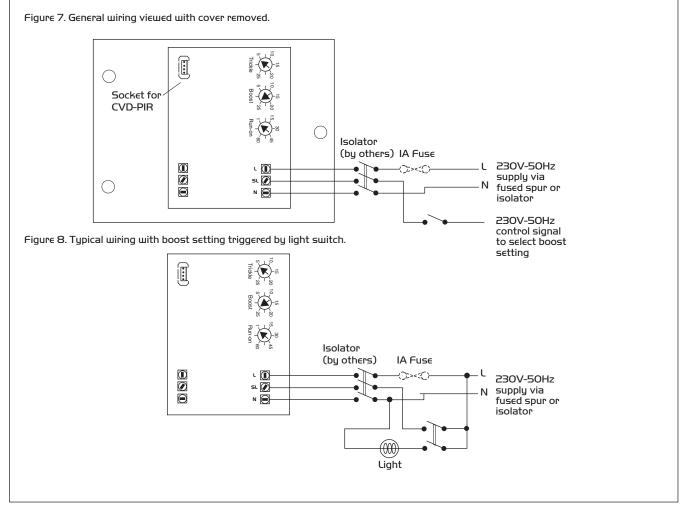
Figure 9a. Dial calibration for CVDI25 (see Note I)

Figure 9b. Dial calibration for CVDI50

Figure 9c. Dial calibration for CVD200



Note I: These calibrated settings were obtained under laboratory conditions. Actual site conditions may cause these calibrations to drift. The markings are therefore for guidance only.



#### 8.0 Maintenance

The damper should be inspected after the first 6 months of operation. Remove any accumulated dust and dirty using a soft brush and low power vacuum cleaner (e.g. a small battery operated model). Thereafter; inspect and clean the damper as site condition dictates. We recommend that inspection should take place at least once a year.

## 9.0 Warranty

The damper is supplied with a 5 year warranty when used with Nuaire fans. The first year includes parts and labour with the remaining period parts only. The warranty period begins on the date of delivery. If the damper is not used with Nuaire fans the warranty period is I2 months parts only.

This warranty is void if the equipment is modified without authorisation, is incorrectly applied, misused, disassembled, or not installed, commissioned and maintained in accordance with the details contained in this manual and general good practice.

The product warranty applies to the UK mainland and in accordance with Clause I4 of our Conditions of Sale. Customers purchasing from outside of the UK should contact Nuaire International Sales office for further details.

#### IO.O After Sales

For technical assistance or further product information, including spare parts and replacement components, please contact the After Sales Department.

## Tel: 02920 858 400

# IO.O Appendix I. Detailed operating sequence of CVD damper

#### Оп рошег ир

The active LED will flash 3 times; after this the LED will be lit continuously if the switched live signal or the CVD-PIR is active (boost mode) and flash slowly if it is inactive (trickle mode). The damper will drive close for I2 seconds then open for I5 seconds. The damper will then drive close for 90 seconds to ensure it starts its operation from the fully closed position. Some noise may be heard during this period as the damper is driven against its end stop!

Warning – the unit must be connected permanently to the mains supply during normal operation. Use the switched live (SL) or the CVD-PIR to select boost setting. If the mains switch is switched on and off in normal operation, the noise generated during this start up routine may become a nuisance.

- 2. The unit will start to measure the airflow after the initial power on routine. If the airflow is below the minimum calibration value (e.g. 5l/s for CVDIOO), it will drive open until it reaches half way through its allowable travel (approximately I5mm from the foam) and stop.
- 3. When there is a consistent airflow greater than the minimum calibration (e.g. 5I/s for CVDIOO) for more than IO seconds, the unit will begin to operate normally. The damper will be driven open or close depending on the measured airflow and the relevant set point.
- 4. If the fan is stopped and the damper is less than half opened then the damper will travel to half opened position and stop. If the damper is at position beyond this, it will just stop. This is to make sure the damper is opened when the fan restart. The fan is considered to have restarted the conditions given in point 3 is met.
- 5. The damper has a limited travel of approximately 35mm. Therefore it is essential that the gap between the foam and damper blade is less than 35mm to obtain full controllability before the damper is switched on. A maximum gap of about 20mm is recommended and would be the normal gap when the damper is delivered. Do not manually move the damper blade beyond its operating range.

#### Note I:

The CVD volume control dials were calibrated in our laboratory under ideal flow conditions to give typical accuracies as given in table below. These should be used as a guide to the setting position. Site conditions may cause the calibration to drift; e.g. bends or inlet grille being too close or multiple bends. If this occurs; the trickle and boost set point should be adjusted up or down as necessary to produce the desired flowrate.

*Typical accuracies of th	e dampers under ideal conditions.
CVDI25+/-31/s	CVDI50+/-31/s
CVD200+/-41/s	

Please see leaflet 671405 for guidance on commissioning the system and CVD dampers.